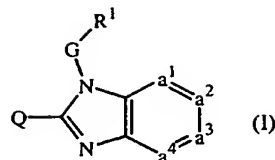


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Claims

1. A compound of formula



a prodrug, *N*-oxide, addition salt, quaternary amine, metal complex or stereochemically isomeric form thereof wherein

-a¹=a²-a³=a⁴- represents a bivalent radical of formula

-CH=CH-CH=CH- (a-1);

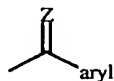
-N=CH-CH=CH- (a-2);

-CH=N-CH=CH- (a-3);

10 -CH=CH-N=CH- (a-4); or

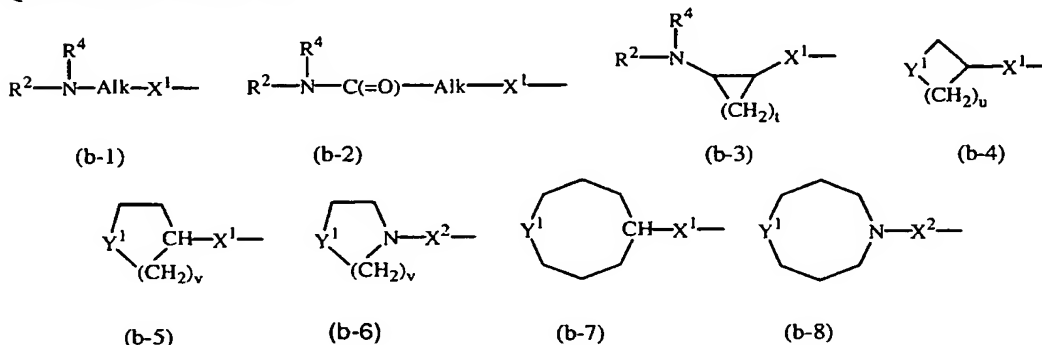
-CH=CH-CH=N- (a-5);

wherein each hydrogen atom in the radicals (a-1), (a-2), (a-3), (a-4) and (a-5) may optionally be replaced by halo, C₁₋₆alkyl, nitro, amino, hydroxy, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, polyhaloC₁₋₆alkyl, carboxyl, aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, mono- or di(C₁₋₄alkyl)-aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, or a radical of formula



wherein =Z is =O, =CH-C(=O)-NR^{5a}R^{5b}, =CH₂, =CH-C₁₋₆alkyl, =N-OH or =N-O-C₁₋₆alkyl;

20 Q is a radical of formula



wherein Alk is C₁₋₆alkanediyl;

Y¹ is a bivalent radical of formula -NR²- or -CH(NR²R⁴)-;

25 X¹ is NR⁴, S, S(=O), S(=O)₂, O, CH₂, C(=O), C(=CH₂), CH(OH), CH(CH₃), CH(OCH₃), CH(SCH₃), CH(NR^{5a}R^{5b}), CH₂-NR⁴ or NR⁴-CH₂;

X^2 is a direct bond, CH_2 , $C(=O)$, NR^4 , $C_{1-4}alkyl-NR^4$, $NR^4-C_{1-4}alkyl$;

t is 2, 3, 4 or 5;

u is 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5;

v is 2 or 3; and

- 5 where each hydrogen atom in Alk and the carbocycles and the heterocycles defined in radicals (b-3), (b-4), (b-5), (b-6), (b-7) and (b-8) may optionally be replaced by R^3 ; with the proviso that when R^3 is hydroxy or $C_{1-6}alkyloxy$, then R^3 can not replace a hydrogen atom in the α position relative to a nitrogen atom;
- G is $C_{1-10}alkanediyl$ substituted with one or more hydroxy, $C_{1-6}alkyloxy$,
 10 $arylC_{1-6}alkyloxy$, $C_{1-6}alkylthio$, $arylC_{1-6}alkylthio$, $HO(-CH_2-CH_2-O)_n$, $C_{1-6}alkyloxy(-CH_2-CH_2-O)_n$ or $arylC_{1-6}alkyloxy(-CH_2-CH_2-O)_n$;
- R^1 is a monocyclic heterocycle or aryl; said heterocycle being selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, furanyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, isoxazolyl,
 15 oxadiazolyl; and each heterocycle may optionally be substituted with 1 or where possible more, such as 2, 3 or 4, substituents selected from halo, hydroxy, amino, cyano, carboxy, $C_{1-6}alkyl$, $C_{1-6}alkyloxy$, $C_{1-6}alkylthio$, $C_{1-6}alkyloxyC_{1-6}alkyl$, aryl, $arylC_{1-6}alkyl$, $arylC_{1-6}alkyloxy$, hydroxy $C_{1-6}alkyl$, mono-or di($C_{1-6}alkyl$)amino, mono-or di($C_{1-6}alkyl$)amino $C_{1-6}alkyl$, polyhalo $C_{1-6}alkyl$, $C_{1-6}alkylcarbonylamino$,
 20 $C_{1-6}alkyl-SO_2-NR^{5c}$, $aryl-SO_2-NR^{5c}$, $C_{1-6}alkyloxy carbonyl$, $-C(=O)-NR^{5c}R^{5d}$, $HO(-CH_2-CH_2-O)_n$, halo($-CH_2-CH_2-O)_n$, $C_{1-6}alkyloxy(-CH_2-CH_2-O)_n$, $arylC_{1-6}alkyloxy(-CH_2-CH_2-O)_n$ and mono-or di($C_{1-6}alkyl$)amino($-CH_2-CH_2-O)_n$;
- each n independently is 1, 2, 3 or 4;
- R^2 is hydrogen, formyl, $C_{1-6}alkylcarbonyl$, Hetcarbonyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl,
 25 homopiperidinyl, $C_{3-7}cycloalkyl$ substituted with $N(R^6)_2$, or $C_{1-10}alkyl$ substituted with $N(R^6)_2$ and optionally with a second, third or fourth substituent selected from amino, hydroxy, $C_{3-7}cycloalkyl$, $C_{2-5}alkanediyl$, piperidinyl, mono-or di($C_{1-6}alkyl$)amino, $C_{1-6}alkyloxy carbonylamino$, aryl and aryloxy;
- R^3 is hydrogen, hydroxy, $C_{1-6}alkyl$, $C_{1-6}alkyloxy$, $arylC_{1-6}alkyl$ or $arylC_{1-6}alkyloxy$;
- 30 R^4 is hydrogen, $C_{1-6}alkyl$ or $arylC_{1-6}alkyl$;
- R^{5a} , R^{5b} , R^{5c} and R^{5d} each independently are hydrogen or $C_{1-6}alkyl$; or R^{5a} and R^{5b} , or R^{5c} and R^{5d} taken together form a bivalent radical of formula $-(CH_2)_s-$ wherein s is 4 or 5;
- R^6 is hydrogen, $C_{1-4}alkyl$, formyl, hydroxy $C_{1-6}alkyl$, $C_{1-6}alkylcarbonyl$ or
 35 $C_{1-6}alkyloxy carbonyl$;

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aryl is phenyl or phenyl substituted with 1 or more, such as 2, 3 or 4, substituents selected from halo, hydroxy, C₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, polyhaloC₁₋₆alkyl, and C₁₋₆alkyloxy;

Het is pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl.

- 5 2. A compound according to claim 1 wherein $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ is a radical of formula (a-1) or (a-2).
- 10 3. A compound according to claim 1 or 2 wherein R¹ is phenyl optionally substituted with halo, C₁₋₆alkyl or C₁₋₄alkyloxy; or pyridyl optionally substituted with 1 or more substituents selected from arylC₁₋₆alkyloxy, C₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyl, aryl, mono- or di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, C(=O)-NR^{5c}R^{5d}, halo or C₁₋₆alkyl.
- 15 4. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 3 wherein G is C₁₋₄alkanediyl substituted with hydroxy, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, HO(-CH₂-CH₂-O)_n-, C₁₋₆alkyloxy(-CH₂-CH₂-O)_n- or arylC₁₋₆alkyloxy(-CH₂-CH₂-O)_n-.
- 20 5. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein Q is a radical of formula (b-5) wherein v is 2 and Y¹ is -NR²-.
6. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 5 wherein X¹ is NH or CH₂.
7. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 6 wherein R² is hydrogen or C₁₋₁₀alkyl substituted with NHR⁶ wherein R⁶ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl.
- 25 8. A compound according to claim 1 wherein the compound is [(A),(S)]-N-[1-(2-amino-3-methylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[(6-bromo-2-pyridinyl)-ethoxymethyl]-1H-benzimidazol-2-amine; [(A),(S)]-N-[1-(2-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[ethoxy(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1H-benzimidazol-2-amine (compound 75); (±)-N-[1-(2-amino-3-methylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[(2-methoxyethoxy)(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1H-benzimidazol-2-amine; N-[1-(2-amino-3-methylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]-6-chloro-1-[(2-methoxyethoxy)(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-4-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-amine trihydrochloride trihydrate; [(A),(R)]-N-[1-(2-amino-3-methylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[ethoxy(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1H-benzimidazol-2-amine monohydrate; (±)-N-[1-(2-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[ethoxy(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1H-benzimidazol-2-amine; [(A)(S)]-N-[1-(2-amino-3-methylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[ethoxy(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1H-benzimidazol-2-amine monohydrate; (±)-N-[1-(2-amino-3-methylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[ethoxy(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1H-benzimidazol-
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- 35

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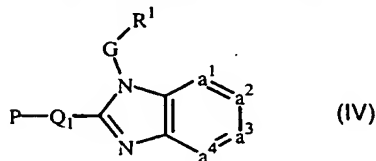
- 2-amine; [(A),(R)]-*N*-[1-(2-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[ethoxy(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-amine monohydrate; (±)-*N*-[1-(2-aminoethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[(6-bromo-2-pyridinyl)ethoxymethyl]-2-benzimidazol-2-amine; (±)-*N*-[1-(2-aminoethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[(2-ethoxyethoxy)(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-amine; [(B),(S)] *N*-[1-(2-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[ethoxy(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-amine monohydrate; (±)-*N*-[1-(2-amino-3-methylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]-3-[(2-methoxyethoxy)(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-7-methyl-3*H*-imidazo[4,5-*b*]pyridin-2-amine; (±)-*N*-[1-(2-amino-3-methylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[(2-ethoxyethoxy)(6-phenyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-amine; (±)-*N*-[1-(2-aminoethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[(2-methoxyethoxy)(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)methyl]-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-amine; (±)-*N*-[1-(2-amino-3-methylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[(6-bromo-2-pyridinyl)ethoxymethyl]-4-methyl-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-amine monohydrate; [(A),(R)]-*N*-[1-(2-amino-3-methylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[(6-bromo-2-pyridinyl)ethoxymethyl]-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-amine; (±)-*N*-[1-(2-amino-3-methylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1-[(6-bromo-2-pyridinyl)ethoxymethyl]-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-amine;
- a prodrug, *N*-oxide, addition salt, quaternary amine, metal complex or stereochemically isomeric form thereof.

9. A compound as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 8 for use as a medicine.

10. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, and as active ingredient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as described in any one of claims 1 to 8.

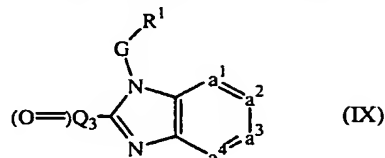
11. A process of preparing a composition as claimed in claim 10, characterized in that, a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is intimately mixed with a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as described in any one of claims 1 to 8.

12. An intermediate of formula



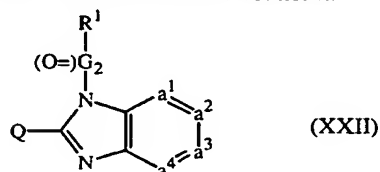
with R^1 , G and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, P being a protective group, and Q_1 being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that it is devoided of the R^2 or R^6 substituent.

13. An intermediate of formula



with R^1 , G and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, and $(O=)Q_3$ being a carbonyl derivative of Q, said Q being defined according to claim 1, provided that it is devoided of the $-NR^2R^4$ or $-NR^2-$ substituent.

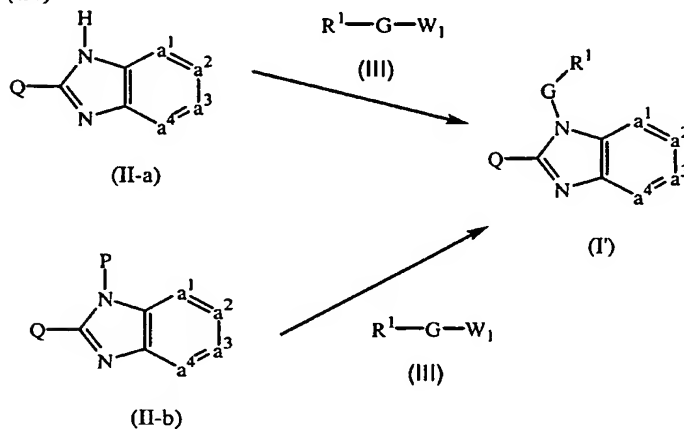
14. An intermediate of formula



with R^1 , Q and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, and $(O=)G_2$ being a carbonyl derivative of G, said G being defined according to claim 1.

15. A process of preparing a compound as claimed in claim 1, characterized by,

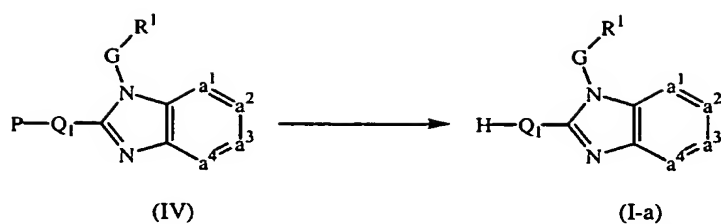
a) reacting an intermediate of formula (II-a) or (II-b) with an intermediate of formula (III)



with R^1 , G, Q and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, and W_1 being a suitable leaving group, in the presence of a suitable base and in a suitable reaction-inert solvent;

b) deprotecting an intermediate of formula (IV)

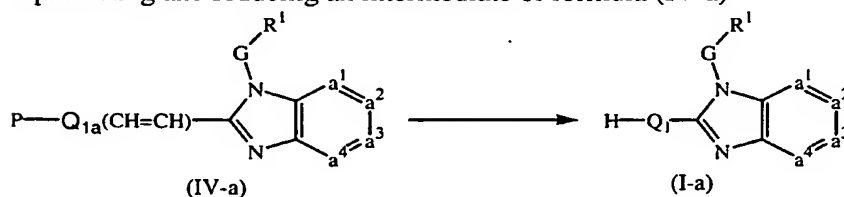
-65-



with R^1 , G, and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, H-Q₁ being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that R^2 or at least one R^6 substituent is hydrogen, and P being a protective group;

5

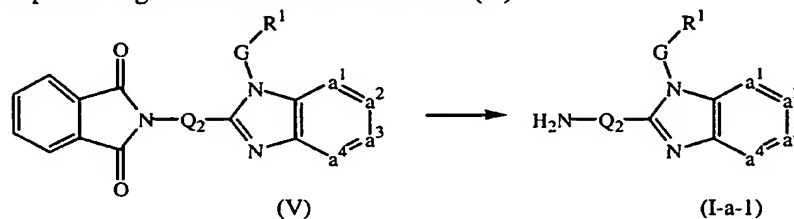
- c) deprotecting and reducing an intermediate of formula (IV-a)



with R^1 , G, and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, H-Q₁ being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that R^2 or at least one R^6 substituent is hydrogen, Q_{1a}(CH=CH) being defined as Q₁ provided that Q₁ comprises an unsaturated bond, and P being a protective group;

10

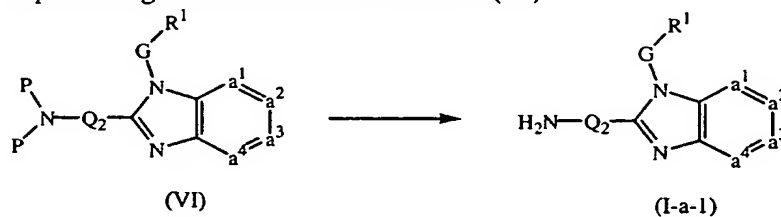
- d) deprotecting an intermediate of formula (V)



with R^1 , G, and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, and H₂N-Q₂ being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that both R^6 substituents are hydrogen or R^2 and R^4 are both hydrogen;

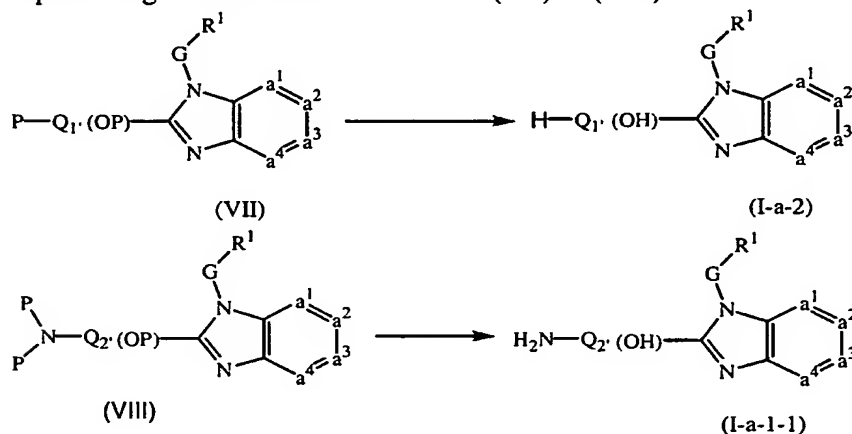
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- e) deprotecting an intermediate of formula (VI)



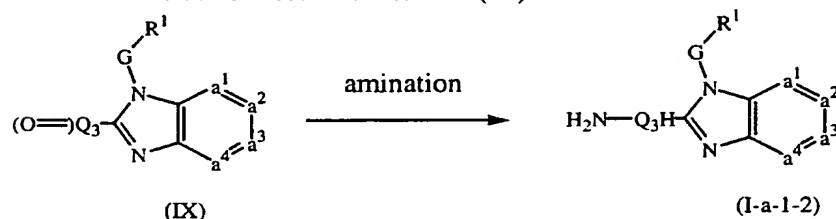
with R^1 , G, and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, and H_2N-Q_2 being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that both R^6 substituents are hydrogen or R^2 and R^4 are both hydrogen, and P being a protective group;

- 5 f) deprotecting an intermediate of formula (VII) or (VIII)



with R^1 , G, and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, $H-Q_1(OH)$ being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that R^2 or at least one R^6 substituent is hydrogen and provided that Q comprises a hydroxy moiety, $H_2N-Q_2(OH)$ being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that both R^6 substituents are hydrogen or R^2 and R^4 are both hydrogen and provided that Q comprises a hydroxy moiety, and P being a protective group;

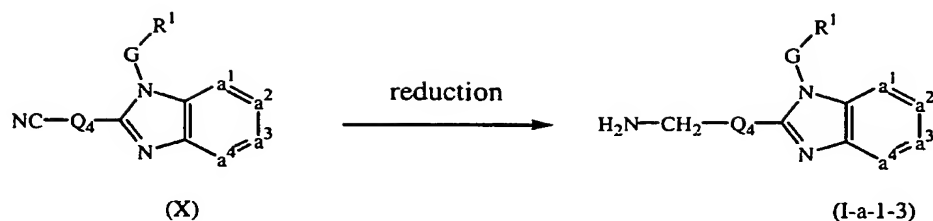
- 10 g) amination of an intermediate of formula (IX)



15 with R^1 , G, and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, and H_2N-Q_3H being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that both R^6 substituents are hydrogen or R^2 and R^4 are both hydrogen, and the carbon adjacent to the nitrogen carrying the R^6 , or R^2 and R^4 substituents contains at least one hydrogen, in the presence of a suitable amination reagent;

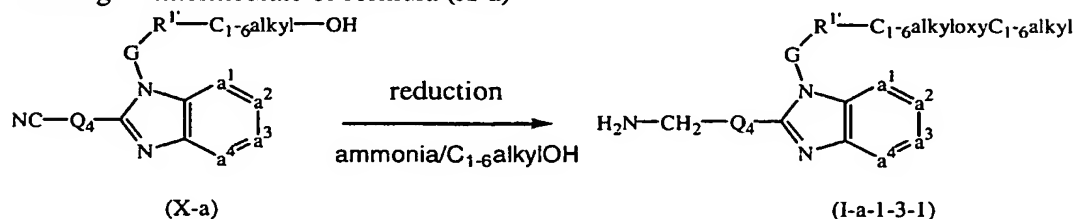
- 20 h) reducing an intermediate of formula (X)

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with R¹, G, and -a¹=a²-a³=a⁴- defined as in claim 1, and H₂N-CH₂-Q₄ being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that Q comprises a -CH₂-NH₂ moiety, in the presence of a suitable reducing agent;

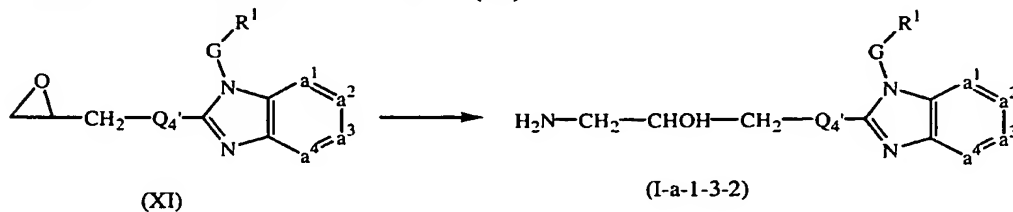
- 5 i) reducing an intermediate of formula (X-a)



with G, and -a¹=a²-a³=a⁴- defined as in claim 1, H₂N-CH₂-Q₄ being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that Q comprises a -CH₂-NH₂ moiety, and R¹ being defined as R¹ according to claim 1 provided that it comprises at least one substituent, in the presence of a suitable reducing agent and suitable solvent;

10

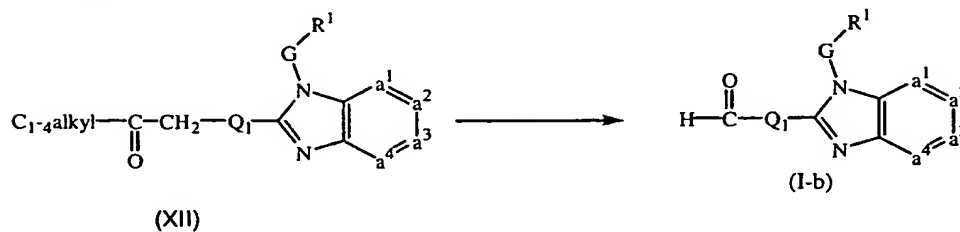
- j) amination of an intermediate of formula (XI)



with R¹, G, and -a¹=a²-a³=a⁴- defined as in claim 1, and H₂N-CH₂-CHOH-CH₂-Q₄ being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that Q comprises a CH₂-CHOH-CH₂-NH₂ moiety, in the presence of a suitable amination reagent;

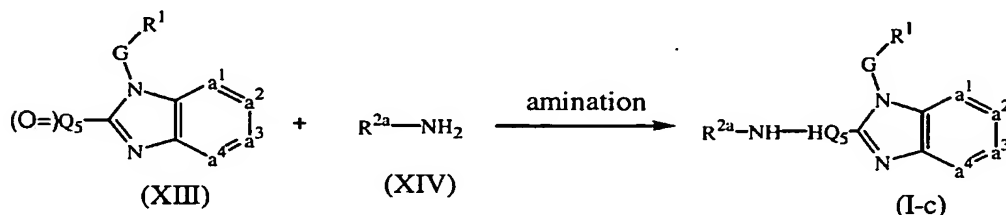
15

- k) reacting an intermediate of formula (XII) with formic acid, formamide and ammonia



with R^1 , G, and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, and $H-C(=O)-Q_1$ being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that R^2 or at least one R^6 substituent is formyl;

- l) amination of an intermediate of formula (XIII) by reaction with an intermediate of formula (XIV)

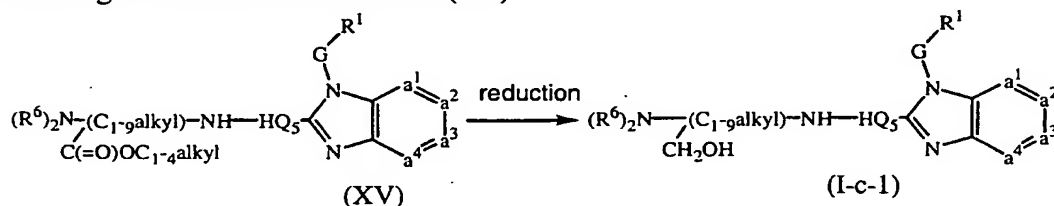


5

with R^1 , G, and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, and $R^{2a}-NH-HQ_5$ being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that R^2 is other than hydrogen and is represented by R^{2a} , R^4 is hydrogen, and the carbon atom adjacent to the nitrogen atom carrying the R^2 and R^4 substituents, carries also at least one hydrogen atom, in the presence of a suitable reducing agent;

10

- m) reducing an intermediate of formula (XV)



with R^1 , G, and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, and

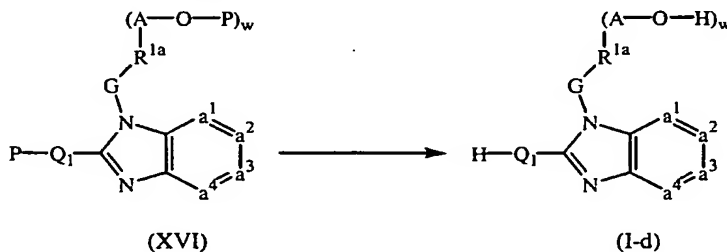
$(R^6)_2N-[(C_{1-9}alkyl)CH_2OH]-NH-HQ_5$ being defined as Q according to claim 1

15

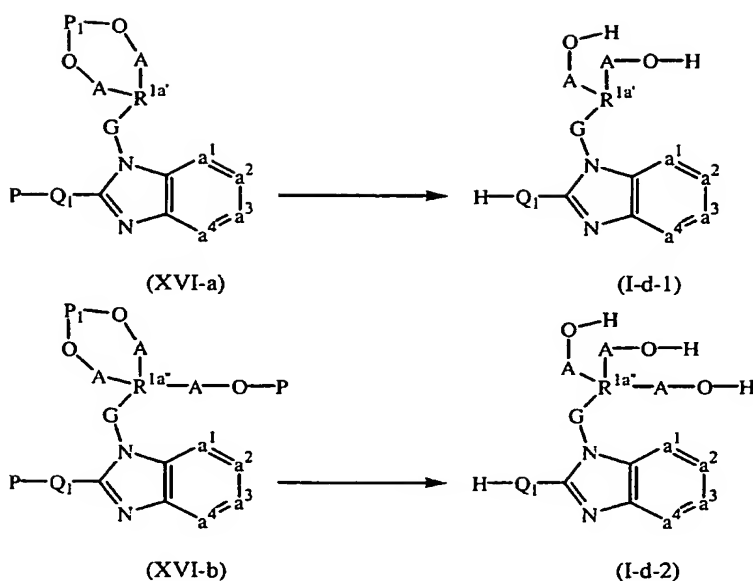
provided that R^2 is other than hydrogen and is represented by $C_{1-10}alkyl$ substituted with $N(R_6)_2$ and with hydroxy, and the carbon atom carrying the hydroxy, carries also two hydrogen atoms, and provided that R^4 is hydrogen, and the carbon atom adjacent to the nitrogen atom carrying the R^2 and R^4 substituents, carries also at least one hydrogen atom, with a suitable reducing agent;

20

- n) deprotecting an intermediate of formula (XVI), (XVI-a) or (XVI-b)

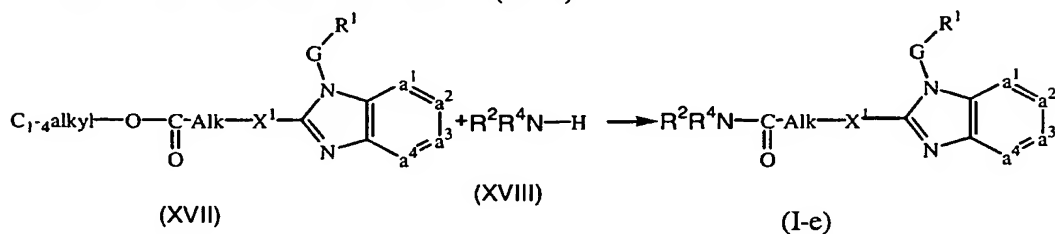


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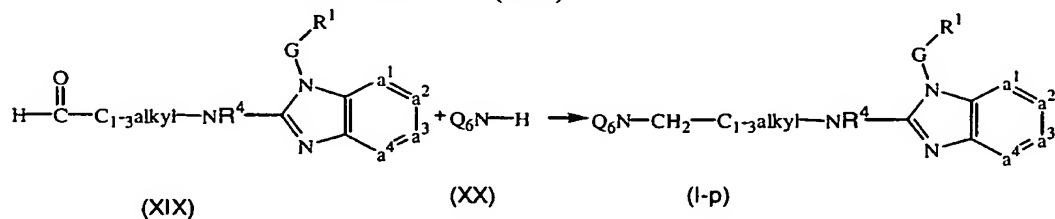
with G, and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, and H-Q₁ being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that R² or at least one R⁶ substituent is hydrogen, and R^{1a}-(A-O-H)_w, R^{1a'}-(A-O-H)₂ and R^{1a''}-(A-O-H)₃ being defined as R¹ according to claim 1 provided that R¹ is substituted with hydroxy, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, or HO(-CH₂-CH₂-O)_n-, with w being an integer from 1 to 4 and P or P₁ being a suitable protecting group, with a suitable acid.

o) amination of an intermediate of formula (XVII)



with R¹, G, $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$, Alk, X¹, R² and R⁴ defined as in claim 1, in the presence of a suitable amination agent;

p) amination of an intermediate of formula (XIX)

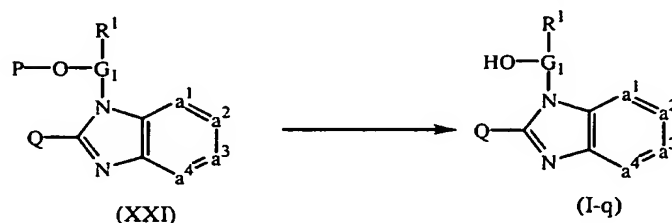


with R¹, G, and $-a^1=a^2-a^3=a^4-$ defined as in claim 1, and Q₆N-CH₂-C₁₋₃alkyl-NR⁴

-70-

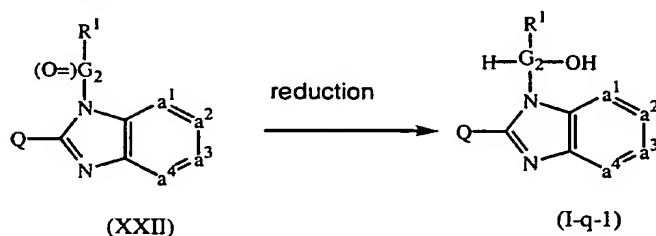
being defined as Q according to claim 1 provided that in the definition of Q, X² is C₂₋₄alkyl-NR⁴, in the presence of a suitable amination agent;

q) deprotecting an intermediate of formula (XXI)



5 with R¹, Q, and -a¹=a²-a³=a⁴- defined as in claim 1, and HO-G₁ being defined as G according to claim 1 provided that G is substituted with hydroxy or HO-(CH₂CH₂O)_n;

r) reducing an intermediate of formula (XXII)



10 with R¹, Q, and -a¹=a²-a³=a⁴- defined as in claim 1, and H-G₂-OH being defined as G according to claim 1 provided that G is substituted with hydroxy and the carbon atom carrying the hydroxy substituent carries also at least one hydrogen, in the presence of a suitable reducing agent.

15 and, if desired, converting compounds of formula (I) into each other following art-known transformations, and further, if desired, converting the compounds of formula (I), into a therapeutically active non-toxic acid addition salt by treatment with an acid, or into a therapeutically active non-toxic base addition salt by treatment with a base, or conversely, converting the acid addition salt form into the
20 free base by treatment with alkali, or converting the base addition salt into the free acid by treatment with acid; and, if desired, preparing stereochemically isomeric forms, metal complexes, quaternary amines or N-oxide forms thereof.

16. A product containing (a) a compound as defined in claim 1, and (b) another
25 antiviral compound, as a combined preparation for simultaneous, separate or sequential use in the treatment or the prevention of viral infections.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and as active ingredients (a) a compound as defined in claim 1, and (b) another antiviral compound.